United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For HCRS use only received MAR 3 1 1981 date entered MAY 4 1981

See instructions in How to Complete National Register Forms Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Name

Webb County Courthouse historic Webb County Courthouse and/or common 2 Location 1000 Houston Street street & number not for publication Laredo city, town vicinity of congressional district 23 Texas 048 state code Webb county code 479 Classification 3. Category **Ownership** Status **Present Use** agriculture X public X occupied district museum X building(s) private unoccupied commercial _ park both structure work in progress educational private residence _ site **Public Acquisition** Accessible entertainment religious X government _ object in process ves: restricted _ scientific X yes: unrestricted being considered industrial _ transportation military other: no **Owner of Property** 4. Webb County Commission name 1000 Houston Street street & number Laredo state Texas vicinity of city, town

5. Location of Legal Description

courthouse, registry of deeds, etc. Webb County Courthouse

street & number 1000 Houston Street

city, town Laredo

state Texas

6. Representation in Existing Surveys

title Historic Site Inventory		ntory ha	has this property been determined eleg			X_no
date	1976		federal	state	county	local
depos	itory for survey records	Texas Historical	Commission			
city, to	Austin, Texa	IS		state	78711	

7. Description

Condition		Check one	Check one
excellent	deteriorated	unaltered	_X_ original site moved date
X fair	unexposed		

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

As constructed, the exterior of the courthouse presents a unified facade from all viewpoints and is composed of variations of the theme of the monumental arcade of the front (south) elevation. These arcades also serve to protect portions of the exterior walls from the elements. The architect, Alfred Giles, used axial and terminal accents as evidenced by the mansard-roofed terminal pavilions which serve as distinguishing features of the structure. Each pavilion features stone-carved rams head accents on the corners of the mansard curbs. Another characteristic of the courthouse is an overall massing of elements in symmetrical fashion. Roof-lines of the building are considered quite modish for that period (1909) and include a variety of dormer windows which serve to break the broad areas of the roof surface. Original plans for the building specify a colorful structure of yellow brick with dressings of white stone and red tile mansard roofs.

Pecan and Citrus trees were planted around the Courthouse as part of the lawn and were designed to shade exterior walls of the building and provide a cool, shady area for the enjoyment of city and county residents.

The original interior of the Courthouse is characterized by colorful tile floors reminiscent of a Mediterranean villa. Victorian style wainscoting is applied throughout the interior. An impressive wrought iron trimmed staircase, produced by the Alamo Iron Works, connects the three floors of the courthouse with an ornate, oval, multicolored stained glass window dominating the first floor landing. Doors installed throughout the building are solid wood with beveled glass and brass door knobs. The first floor, designed for county offices, contains a large, open hallway through which cooling breezes can blow.

The present appearance of the Courthouse is relatively unchanged from that of its original appearance. However, time and the demand for additional space by County offices has necessitated various exterior and interior alterations to the building. These changes are identified below:

Exterior Alterations-

- 1. Outer Arcades on the north, east and west sides of the Courthouse have been blocked in to provide additional office space.
- Portholes running along the east and west sides of the structure have been blocked in and painted white.
- 3. Red tile on roof and yellow brick have faded due to exposure and dirt.
- 4. Balconies surrounding third floor have begun to chip and crack.
- 5. Limestone base supporting arcades is deteriorating.
- 6. Detention center built during the late 1960's is adjacent, but not attached, to the original building.
- 7. Black air conditioning ducts for office use jut out approximately 10 feet from several blocked in arcades on all levels.

United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For HCRS us	e only 3 1 19	181	
date entered			1981
and the second second second			

Continuation sheet

Item number

7

Page²

Interior Alterations-

- 1. Carpeting has been installed over original floor in offices and courtrooms.
- 2. Air conditioning units have been installed throughout buildings.
- 3. Ceilings have been dropped in offices with florescent lights installed.
- Courtroom on the second floor was refurbished in the 1960's including the installation of carpeting and modern courtroom furnishings, lowering of ceiling and updating of lighting.
- 5. Glass transoms over doors have been removed and replaced with plywood.

The County wishes to nominate the entire block surrounding the Courthouse to the National Register. This block includes two additional structures, the Webb County Jail and Juvenile Detention Center. The Jail, constructed in 1936, is enhanced by art deco details on its front entrance. However, this structure has been in a state of decline for several years because of its age and overcrowded condition. In fact, the County is currently under court order to upgrade this facility as a result of a 1976 lawsuit in which 23 Texas Penal Code violations directly attributable to the antiquated state of the building were cited.

The Juvenile Center is a white cinder block building of approximately 1000 square feet constructed in the late 1960's.

The Jail and Juvenile Center do not contribute to the historical nature of the site and demolition of these structures would not in any way be detrimental to the historical integrity of the Courthouse of its surrounding property.

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 1800–1899 X 1900–	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic agriculture X architecture art commerce communications	heck and justify below community planning conservation economics education engineering exploration/settlement industry invention	_x_ politics/government	e religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
---	--	--	-------------------------	---

Specific dates Constructed 1909 Builder/Architect Mr. H. Sperbert/Alfred Giles

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Webb County Courthouse, designed by the noted Texas architect, Alfred Giles, represents one of the finest examples of Mr. Giles' remarkable ability to handle successfully a variety of new styles rather late in his professional career. The distinctive architectural style of the courthouse presents a combination of Mr. Giles' earlier, more ornate efforts, with his relatively modish later works after the turn of the century. The Courthouse also marks Giles' transition from Texan to Mexican projects. The building has been fairly well preserved in its original appearance and thus provides present and future scholars and citizens the opportunity to study and admire the work of this great architect.

When prosperity came to central Texas in the last quarter of the nineteenth century, it stimulated a demand for fine homes and government buildings in the region. Competition for the design and construction of County courthouses during this period became keen. When the Webb County Commissioner's Court determined to erect the new courthouse on Houston Street in Laredo, the county placed advertisements in selected area newspapers announcing a contest for the best architectural design. Alfred Giles entered and won this statewide competition on February 27, 1907.

Alfred Giles, was born in London, England on May 23, 1853. Upon finishing school and his apprenticeship in England, the young architect came to the United States. Giles decided to settle in the hot, dry climate of Texas for health reasons where he learned to skillfully utilize locally available building materials, especially stone, in his projects.

In 1876 Giles established his own architectural firm and by the late seventies had become a leading architect in the region. By 1885, Giles projects had an aggregate value of over \$2,000,000 while employing three assistants. His commissions included numerous domestic and public buildings in San Antonio and he aggressively entered competitions, like the one sponsored by Webb County, inviting designs for county courthouses and jails. Giles completed over one dozen such projects.

The pace for architectural commissions in central Texas slackened in the first decade of the twentieth century for Giles. At this time he turned his attention to Northern Mexico which was experiencing a period of growth and prosperity. Between 1900 and 1910 he designed eight major buildings within four blocks in the heart of Monterrey's downtown area. In addition, the construction of the Arch of Independence followed his plans as did that of a new tower for the Cathedral, El Roble. He designed buildings in Saltillo, Durango and Puebla during this period, as well as eleven buildings in the state of Chihuahua for General Luis Terrazas.

9. Major Bibliographical References

Regional Historic Sites Survey (Revised)	1979,
A Master's work and a Beauty in Her Time Alfredo Giles by Blake Alexander	", Laredo News, June 8, 1980, Sydney Rubin
entrem to use a second s	ACREAGE NOT VERHED
10. Geographical Data	INTLE BEAT MEDICET
Acreage of nominated property1 acre	
Quadrangle name Laredo West, Tex.	Quadrangle scale <u>1:24000</u>
UMT References	
A 1 4 4 5 0 0 7 0 3 0 4 2 5 4 0 Zone Easting Northing	Zone Easting Northing
	$ \llbracket \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$
G [_] _ [] [] []	HLLI LLI <u>III LIIIIIII</u>
Verbal boundary description and justification The city limits of Laredo, Texas. The block is b south by Houston Street, on the east by San A	
List all states and counties for properties overlapping s	tate or county boundaries
state code count	y code
state 1 code count	y code
11. Form Prepared By	
Alfreda Carl	
name/title Allredo Sanchez	
Webb County Commission	date September 22, 1980
street & number 1000 Houston Street	telephone (512) 727-7272
Laredo	state Texas, 78040
12. State Historic Preservat	tion Officer Certification
The evaluated significance of this property within the state is:	
national state local	
As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the Nati 665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the Nationa according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the Heritage	Register and certify that it has been evaluated
State Historic Preservation Officer signature	Juil Jahme
itle State Historic Preservation Officer	date March 16, 1981
	I Register ered in the
Keeper of the National Register	ional Register, date 3/4/8/
Attest:	date

United States Department of the Interior
Heritage Conservation and Recreation ServiceFor HCRS use only
received MAR 3 1 1981
date entered MAY 4 1981National Register of Historic Places
Inventory—Nomination FormFor HCRS use only
received MAR 3 1 1981
date entered MAY 4 1981Continuation sheetItem number8Page 2

Returning to the Webb County Courthouse project, Giles was faced with the challenge of designing a courthouse that was symbolic as well as practical. The County charged him with creating a monument to the bonding optimism and spirit infusing Texas during that period. The character of Giles' work, evident in his solidly constructed domestic examples, his attention to detail, sensitivity to native materials and his respect for the culture of South Texas, was well suited to this challenge.

After its construction in 1909 at a cost of \$46,918, the courthouse became the social, political and financial heart of the rapidly growing Webb County Community. During this period, county governments were the states most vital form of government. The Webb County Courthouse became the central point for community activity in the area. It was here that residents could watch the wheels of justice turn, attend to business, and swap opinions. It also housed the records of important occurances in county residents' lives such as registers of births, marriages, deaths, trial records and deeds to land.

In response to the continuing growth of administrative and judicial needs of area residents, the County plans to move into a new courthouse within the next 24 months with the older building to be retained for County and community use. Plans for the new courthouse, which is to be located directly across the street from the Giles' courthouse, are being closely tied to restoration efforts planned for the older Courthouse in such areas as form, materials, design and design appearance.

Property Webb County Courthouse	PUE
State 1/ 2/11 Working Number 3/3/1/97	4/29/81 - 5/15/81 81000635
TECHNICAL	CONTROL
Photos	
Maps	HISTORIAN
ARCHITE	CTURAL HISTORIAN
	ARCHEOLOGIST
	OTHER
	HAER
	Inventory
	Review
I	REVIEW UNIT CHIEF
	BRANCH CHIEF
	KEEPER
National Register Write-up Send-back Federal Register Entry Re-submit	
Federal Register Entry <u>2,2,82</u> Re-submit	
United States Department of the Interior - Heritage Conserv	vation and Recreation Service



CODE: L'all
VIEW: SE Obliga
NEG. BY: C. Unnety
DATE:
NOT TO BE USED WITHOUT PERMISSION TEXAS STATE HISTORICAL SURVEY COMMITTEE P.O. BOX 12276 CAPITOL STATION AUSTIN, TX 78711
2



Photo by Craig Kennedy, 1975. Negative on file at Texas Historical Commission.

Southeast oblique, camera facing northwest.

Photo 1 of 7.



Photo courtesy of Webb County Historical Commission, 1980. Negative property of Webb County Historical Commission.

South elevation, camera facing north.

Photo 2 of 7.

MAR 3 1 1981 MAY 4 1981



Photo courtesy of Webb Co. Historical Commission, 1980. Negative property of Webb Co. Hist. Commission.

MAR 3 1 1981

MAY

4 98

East elevation, camera facing west.

Photo 3 of 7.



Photo courtesy of Webb County Historical Com., 1980. Negative property of Webb Co. Hist. Com.

MAR 3-1 1981

MAY

4 1981

North elevation, camera facing south.

Photo 4 of 7.



Photo courtesy of Webb County Historical Com., 1980. Negative property of Webb County Historical Com.

West facade, camera facing south.

Photo 5 of 7.



Photo courtesy of Webb Co. Historical Commission, 1980. Negative property of Webb Co. Historical Commission.

MAR 3 1 1981

MAY

1 1981

Detail of north facade, camera facing south.

Photo 6 of 7.

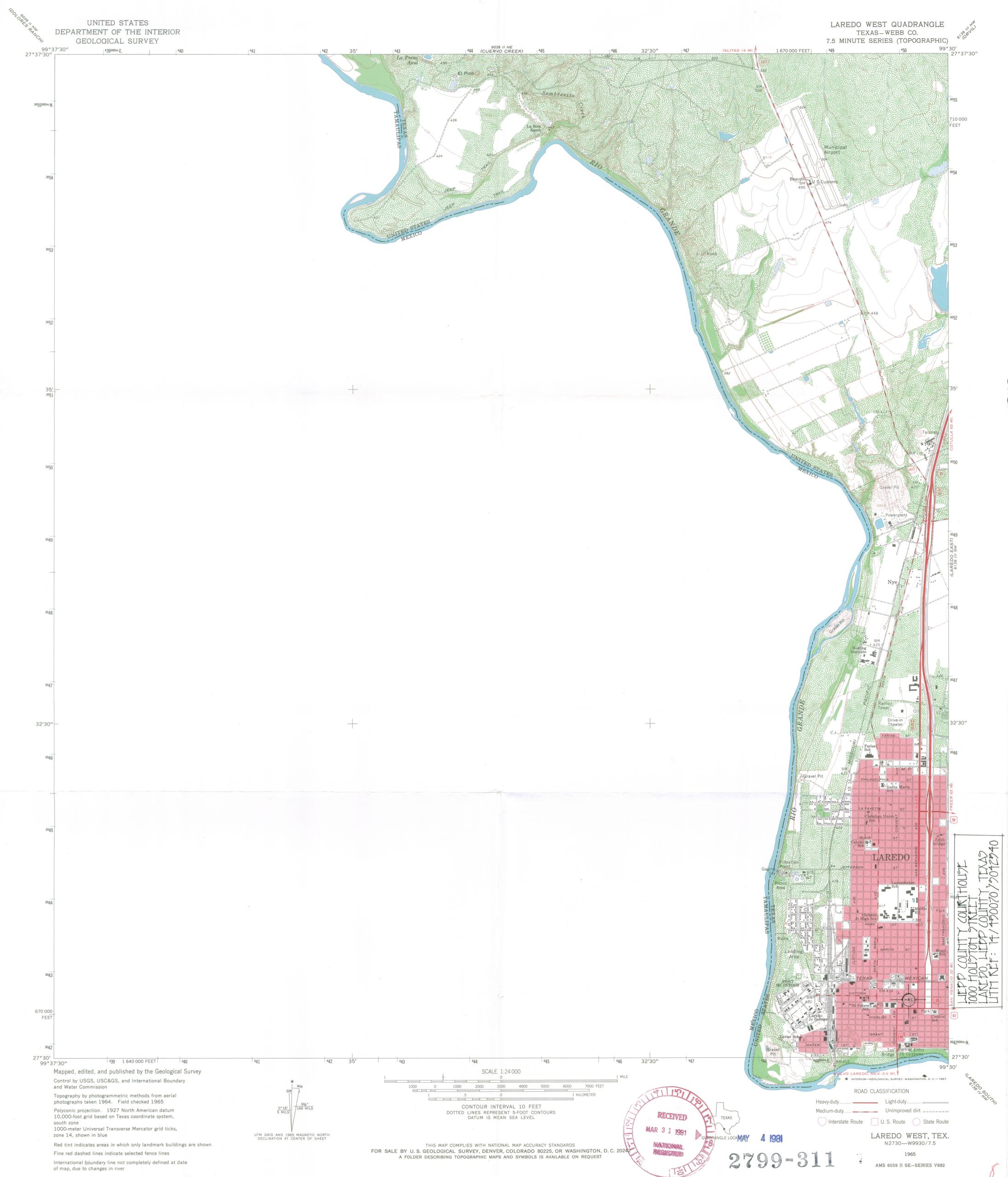


Webb County Courthouse	MAR 3 1 1981	
1000 Houston Street	MAY 4 198	21
Laredo, Webb County, Texas		

Photo courtesy of Webb Co. Historical Commission, 1980. Negative property of Webb Co. Historical Commission.

Northwest oblique showing jail (middleground), juvenile center (foreground), and courthouse (background).

Photo 7 of 7.



ENTRIES IN THE NATIONAL REGISTER

STATE TEXAS MAY 4 1981 Date Entered

Name

Location

Gates Memorial Library

Webb County Courthouse

Port Arthur Jefferson County

Laredo Webb County

Number 4 Hook and Ladder Company

Dallas Dallas County

Also Notified

Honorable Lloyd M. Bentsen

Honorable John G. Tower Honorable Jack Brooks Honorable Abraham Kazen, Jr. Honorable James A. Mattox South Central Region, HCRS

State Historic Preservation Officer Mr. Truett Latimer Executive Director Texas State Historical Commission P.O. Box 12276, Capitol Station Austin, Texas 78711

NR

Eady/bjr/5/6/81 For further information, please call the National Register at (202)343-6401.